Name:								Roll I	No		
			SI	DDEE	EQ F	PUBLIC S	СНОС	<u>)L</u>			
ENTR	Y TES	<u>5T: 46</u>	<b>ENGLISH</b>	[		MAX. MAR	<u>RKS: 20</u>	ADM	ISSIO	N TO CL	ASS:8
Checl	ked by	Srv #	Sign:	Recheck		ked by Srv	ed by Srv #		Sign:		:
Voc	abulary			J							
Q.1	<b>(A)</b>	Encircle	the correct	: spel	lling	<b>.</b>			,		(0.5x2)
		alka	aline /	all	kelin	e /	alkilii	ne	/ all	kaline	
	(-)	■ lene	ear /	lir	near	/	linee	r /	linn	ear	
	(В)	Provide r ■ awk	<b>meanings e</b> ward	eithei	r in	English o	r in Ur ∎ frac	<b>au.</b> tion			(0.5x4)
		■ eyn	and				∎ rem	edv			
	(C)	Complete	e the colum	nns.			- rem	cuy		(	(0.5x6)
		Words	Opposi	tes		Nour	IS	Verbs		Adjec	tives
			nasty	/		additio	on				
		stubborn						bore			
Gra	mmar								I		
Q.2		Fill in the	e blanks wi	ith sı	lital	ble <u>Article</u>	<u>s</u> and	Preposition	<u>ons</u> .		(0.5x4)
unparalleled efforts of our scientists have made this v better place live in. With the inventions many devices overcome any hurdle whatsoever.							this wol avices r	ria			
Q.3 (A) Complete each sentence by choosing the correct word.						r <b>d.</b>	(1.0×3)				
		■ Ahu	undred dolla	ars		a great	t value.		(hav	ve / was	/ has)
		■ He		_ not ı	repo	rted about	the the	eft to the p	olice.	(do/ di	id/ had)
		Has	the caged l	oird _		awa	y?		(flew	/ flewn /	/ flown)
(B) Do as Directed.						(	<b>1.0×3)</b>				
I hat architect has not designed this house. (Change into Passiv							e voice)				
		<ul> <li>Did the students take the test?</li> <li>(Change into Future Simple Ter</li> </ul>								e Tense)	
		Saim	n said, "My m	other	will	meet you to	day."	(Chang	je into	Indirect	Speech)
ſ	Senter	nce Constructio	on								
<b>Q.4</b>		Make me	aningful s	enter	nces	s of these	Words	5.			(1.0x3)
		■ fain	ted:								
		■ sho	cking:								
<b>-</b> -		■ exp	ertly: _								
Q.5		Iranslate	e into Engli	ish.					, <u>,</u>	(	(1.0x3)
								-جـ لا	ختم کر چ	مصمون للهنا	• • •

کیاتمہاراگھر میرے دفتر کے قریب تھا؟

وہ نئے جوڑے کاانتظار نہیں کررہی تھی۔ 

# **Answer Key to Class: 8**

# ENGLISH

#### Q1. A) Correct Spelling

- alkaline
- linear

#### B) Words/Meanings

Awkward: clumsy, inappropriate, rude	• عجيب
Fraction: fragment, chunk, portion	• حصہ
	• پھيلا <u>ڻ</u>
Expand: increase, grow, enlarge	• علاج

Remedy: cure, treatment

**Nasty:** calm, nice, delightful

Stubborn: flexible, nice, kind

### C) Words/Opposites

#### **Noun-Verb-Adjective**

- addition-add-additional/ additive

boredom-bore-boring/ bored

#### **Q2:** Articles, Prepositions

The unparalleled efforts of our scientists have made this world **a** better place **to** live in. With the inventions **of** many devices, man can overcome any hurdle whatsoever.

#### **Q3: Sentence Completion**

- A hundred dollars **has** a great value.
- He **had** not reported about the theft to the police.
- Has the caged bird **flown** away.

#### B) Do as directed.

- This house has not been designed by that architect.
- Will the students take the test?
- Saim said that his mother would meet you that day.

#### **Q4: Sentence Construction**

- Fainted
- Shocking
- Expertly

#### **Q5: Translation**

- He has finished writing the essay.
- Was your home close to my office?
- She was not waiting for the new dress.

Name: Roll N						-
		SIDD	EEQ PUBLIC	C SCHOO	<u>DL</u>	
ENTRY TE	<u>EST 46</u> <u>M</u> A	THEMAT	ICS Max. Ma	rks: <b>20</b>	ADMISSION TO	OCLASS: 8
Checked by	Srv #	Sign:	Rechecked by	Srv #	Sign:	Marks:
1. Comple	te the followi	ng mathema	tical statemen	ts.	i	(1.0×4)
i.If area of	a square is (x	$(-y)^2$ then 1	length of its eac	ch side is	·	
<b>ii.</b> $\sqrt{\frac{16}{9}}$ is	a/an	_number.	(Insert: Ratio	nal or Irra	ational)	
iii. If we ta	ke product of	$(a^2-b^2)$ with	a zero polynom	ial, the re	sult is	
iv.Set A = 2. Find the s	{square root o	, by lookin f 1 <mark>1287</mark> by l	g at given Ver Division metho	nn diagrai o <b>d.</b>	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{m} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{A} \\ 1 \\ 9 \\ 7 \\ 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{B} \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{array} $	4) (4.0)
3. (i) Factor	<b>rize:</b> $4x^2 - 12$	$2xy + 9y^2$	(ii) If p: 	$q = \frac{1}{3} : \frac{1}{6}$ p: r.	& r: q = 4:1 ,	(2.0×2)
			(Give	your answ	er in most simplified fo	orm)
		1		//		
4. A ma at a s	speed of 4km/	hours at a s h. Find his a	speed of 18 <i>km</i> average speed	/ <i>h</i> and the for the w	ten walks for 2 hot whole journey?	urs (4.0)
						_
5 A 1	her 45		h 75	TT		
5. Ayesha give to	nas 45 sweet Sadia, so that (W	s and Sadia Sadia will H Vrite equation	nas 75 sweets. nave 4 times as 1 for given situe	<b>How ma</b> s <b>many s</b> ation and	my sweets must Ay weets as Ayesha. find solution)	(4.0)

#### **MATHEMATICS-8**

#### ANSWER KEY

**1**. (i) x - y (ii) Rational (iii) zero polynomial / zero (iv)  $A = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$ 

**2**. Square root of  $1\frac{1287}{2809} = \sqrt[2]{1\frac{1287}{2809}} = \sqrt[2]{\frac{4096}{2809}} = \frac{\sqrt[2]{4096}}{\sqrt[2]{2809}} = \frac{64}{53} = 1\frac{11}{53}$ Working: 64 53 40 96 6 5 28 09 36 25 124 4 96 3 09 103 4 96 3 09 0 0 **3.** (i)  $4x^2 - 12xy + 9y^2 = (2x)^2 - 2(2x)(3y) + (3y)^2 = (2x - 3y)^2$ (ii) If  $p: q = \frac{1}{3}: \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{3} \times 6: \frac{1}{6} \times 6 = 2: 1$ r :q= 4: 1 & q: r = 1: 4 p:q:r2:1 1:4 2:1:4 So p : r = 2: 4 = 1: 2**4.** Distance covered on cycle = speed  $\times$  time = 18km/h  $\times$  5 h = 90km Distance covered on foot = speed  $\times$  time = 4km/h  $\times$ 2 h = 8 km Total distance covered = 90 km + 8 km = 98 kmTotal time taken = 5h + 2h = 7hAverage speed for the whole journey =  $\frac{Total \ Distance}{Total \ time \ taken} = \frac{98km}{7 \ h} = 14 \ km/h$ 

5. Sweets Ayesha has = 45, Sweets Sadia has = 75 Let x be the sweets which Ayesha gives to Sadia. According to given condition 75 + x = 4 (45 - x) 75 + x = 180 - 4x x + 4x = 180 - 75 5x = 105 x = 105/5 = 21So Ayesha must give 21 candies to Sadia.

Name	:						Roll No				
			SI	D	DEEQ PUBL		L				
<u>ENTRY TEST 46</u>			SCIENCE Max			Marks: <b>10</b>	ADMISSI	DMISSION to CLASS: 8			
Checked by Smi #		Sign:	]	Rechecked by	Srv #	Sign	Marks				
Chee		51 1	Sign.	]	Reenceked by	517 11	Sign.	Iviarks.			
)bjec	ctive										
<b>Į.1</b>		n the blanks	). 			naile la fau tur		(1.0×4)			
	(1)		; present in	10	ur lungs respo	insidie for tra	ansferring oxy	gen to blood			
capillaries are called							wa bright coloura				
(ii) Plants in which pollination through take place have bright											
	petals, nectar and pleasant smell.										
	(III) (iv)	Sound wave	p, un and s aro	J							
	(10)				VV0	aves.					
Shor	t-Ansv	ver Questions			(Best <u>three</u> wi	ll be consider	red.)	(2.0×3)			
Q.2	Ansv	ver the follo	wing que	st	ions.	_					
	(i)	Differentia	te betwee	en	population a	and commu	inity with th	e help of			
	г	examples.									
	-		POPULAT	IC	<u>)N</u>		COMMUNI	TY			
	-				Diffe	erence					
Example											
	(ii)	ii) When we dip a metal spoon in a cup of hot water it becomes hot a									
	()	sometime. Explain how this happens.									
							Hot water				
	(iii)	To make a	fruit sala	d,	different fru	iits are cut	into small p	ieces and if the			
		salad is kept outside for few days it is spoiled. Mention with just									
		which change is physical and which is chemical.									
	_										
(IV) What do you understand by the term `voltage'? Also briefly explain					ily explain the						
		relationsh	ip betwee	en	voltage and	resistance.	·				

## ADMISSION TEST TO CLASS: 8 SCIENCE KEY

## Q.1 Fill in the blanks.

(i) alveoli (ii) animals

(iii) 5; 11

(iv) longitudinal

- Q.2 Answer the following questions.
  - (i)

POPULATION	COMMUNITY						
Difference							
Organisms of the same kind living and reproducing in a particular area.	All the populations of different kinds of organisms living together in an area.						
Example							
Number of wolves in a forest	Wolves, all other animals, plants and microorganisms.						

- (ii) The presence of free electrons in the metal spoon speeds up the transfer of heat. When the metal spoon is dipped in hot water it gets heated, the free electrons gain kinetic energy and move farther towards colder parts and transfer heat energy to them.
- (iii) Cutting of fruits: physical change because the composition does not change. Spoilage: Chemical change because the composition change.
- (iv) The difference of potential between two points in a circuit or battery is called voltage.
   Resistance is the hindrance to the flow of current.

Resistance= <u>voltage</u> current